

Dry Lube

Part No. See Below Aerosol

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SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Number(s) 06503CT - 24/pk - 2 oz - RW-902-A-55

O6504CT - 10/pk - 2oz - RW-902-A-55 BU

O7631CT - 4 oz - IP-904-A-55

Product Name Dry Lube
Other Means of Identification None
Recommended Use and Restrictions on Use

Recommended Use *Non-dust attracting dry lubricant.*

Restrictions on Use None Identified

24 hr Emergency Phone Number

800-424-9300 (Chem-Trek)

	MANUFACTURER DETAILS		SUPPLIER DETAILS
Name	Otis Products, Inc.	Name	Otis Products, Inc.
Address	6987 Laura St/PO Box 582 Lyons Falls, NY 13368	Address	6987 Laura St/PO Box 582 Lyons Falls, NY 13368
Phone Number	315-348-4300	Phone Number	315-348-4300
Fax Number	315-348-4332	Fax Number	315-348-4332

SECTION 2 - IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification

Н	EALTH	I HAZARDS				PHYSICAL HAZARDS	S		
Acute Tox. Oral		Mutagenicity		Unstable Explosive		Refrigerated Liq. Gas		Pyrophoric Solid	
Acute Tox. Skin		Carcinogenicity		Explosive		Flammable Liquid		Emits Flammable Gas	
Acute Tox. Inhalation		Tox. to Reproduction		Flammable Gas		Flammable Solid		Oxidizing Liquid	
Skin Irritation	2	STOT SE	3	Aerosol	2	Self-Reactive Sub.		Oxidizing Solid	
Eye Irritation	2	STOT RE		Oxidizing Gas		Pyrophoric Liquid		Organic Peroxide	
Resp. Sensitization		Aspiration Hazard	1	Gas Under Pressure	Х	Self-Heating Substance		Corrosive to Metal	
Skin Sensitization					ENVIR	ONMENTAL HAZARDS (GH	IS Rev	3 Only)	
				Aquatic Acute	1	Aquatic Chronic	1	Ozone Depleting	

Signal Word

Hazard Pictograms

Danger











Hazard Statements

Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin and serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

General Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention Keep away from heat, hot su

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing vapours. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye protection. Avoid release into the environment.

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Response If you feel unwell: Call a doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN:

Wash with plenty of water. IF skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise ClassifiedNone identified.Unknown Acute Toxicity1.4 % by wt

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ID	INGREDIENT	CAS NUMBER	% WT RANGE*
1	Methyl Acetate	0000079-20-9	40 - 70
2	Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0068476-86-8	15 - 40
3	N-Heptane	0000142-82-5	10 - 30
4	Severly Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic Distillate	0064742-53-6	3 - 7
5	Stoddard Solvent	0008052-41-3	1 - 5

^{*} Exact percentages of composition withheld as trade secret

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-Aid Measures

General If exposed or concerned seek medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact Immediately flush with clear water for at least 15 minutes, including under the eyelids. Consult a doctor.

Skin Contact Remove with soap and water, rinsing and repeating for 15 minutes. Use skin cream to counter any resulting dryness.

Consult a physician if irritation continues. If large skin area is affected, remove contaminated clothing.

IngestionDo not induce vomiting! Immediately have the victim drink plenty of water. Do not give milk or digestible oils. Keep airways free. Contact a physician. Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, unconscious, or convulsing.

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention

if symptoms persist or if unconscious.

First-Aid Responder

Protection

Inhalation

Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Eye Contact Liquid contact may cause pain along with moderate eye irritation.

Skin Contact Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin irritation. Repeated contact may cause drying or flaking of skin. May cause

more severe response if confined to skin.

Ingestion Due to being an aerosol, the product does not lend itself to ingestion. Should ingestion occur, it may cause irritation to

membranes of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract resulting in vomiting and/or cramps. Aspiration of vomit into the lungs may cause inflammation, and possible chemical pneumonitis, bronchopneumonia, or pulmonary edema.

Inhalation Prolonged or repeated overexposure is anesthetic. May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, or acute nervous system

depression characterized by headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion or death. Irritation of the mucous membranes,

coughing, and dyspnea are also possible.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Notes to PhysicianStoddard Solvent sensitizes the heart to the effects of sympathomimetic amines. Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic

drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in individuals exposed. Use of sympathomimetic drugs should be avoided. If ingested, the material presents a significant aspiration and chemical pneumonitis hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended. Consider activated charcoal and/or gastric lavage. If patient is obtunded, protect the airway by cuffed endotracheal

intubation or by placement of the body in a Trendelenburg and left later lateral decubitus position.

Specific No information available.

Treatments/Antidotes

Immediate Medical

No information available.

Attention

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SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing

Water, CO2, dry chemical, or universal aqueous film forming foam

Media

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

Water jet

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture

Decomposition Products Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2), smoke, and/or vapors

Hazards from the Product CONTENTS FLAMMABLE AND UNDER PRESSURE. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which may result in the

container bursting. Vapours heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to an ignition source.

Advice for Firefighters

Protective ActionsUse water spray to cool fire exposed containers as contents may rupture violently from heat developed pressure.

Protective Equipment As with any fire wear SCBA pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH approved, and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency No action should be taken by non-emergency personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep

Personnel unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill. Remove ignition sources and

provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

Environmental Precautions

Precautions Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental contamination.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Containment Procedures Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be contained with

oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents. DO NOT use combustible material such as sawdust.

Cleanup Procedures Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not normally considered a

problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well. Remove sources of ignition and use

non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.

Other InformationAerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupture contents are

generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should never be incinerated or burned. See Section 13 for disposal.

Prohibited MaterialsCombustible absorbent material such as sawdust, use of equipment that may cause sparking.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

General HandlingKEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of vapors. Do not incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames or other sources of incinerate.

ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to burst. Use only with adequate ventilation,

opening doors or windows to achieve cross-ventilation. Wash hands after use.

Hygiene Recommendations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove contaminated clothing and

protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.



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Conditions for Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Requirements Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 50 °C (122 °F), and away from heat sources. Ensure can is in a

secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B

(Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended. This product is classified as a Level 3 Aerosol.

Incompatibilities Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

10		OSHA			NIC	OSH			ACGIH		AIHA
ID	PEL	STEL	CEILING	IDLH REL ST		STEL	CEILING	TLV	STEL	CEILING	WEEL
1	200 ppm	-	-	3100 ppm	200 ppm	250 ppm	_	200 ppm	250 ppm	_	-
2	1000 ppm	_	-	2000 ppm	1000 ppm	_	_	1000 ppm	-	-	-
3	500 ppm	-	-	750 ppm	85 ppm	-	440 ppm	400 ppm	500 ppm	-	-
4	10 mg/m3	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
5	500 ppm	_	_	20000 mg/m3	350 mg/m3	_	1800 mg/m3	100 ppm	_	_	_

Biological Exposure Indices

ID	DETERMINANT	SAMPLING TIME	BEI	NOTATION
_	-	_	_	-

Other Control Parameters Not Available

Appropriate Engineering Control

Engineering Measures Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates

should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to control air

 $contamination \ below \ that \ of \ the \ lowest \ OEL \ from \ the \ table \ above.$

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene Considerations Avoid breathing vapors and contact with the skin and eyes. Always replace overcap when not in use. Keep out the reach of

children. Wash hands after use.

Thermal Protection This product does not present a thermal hazard.

Respiratory Protection An approved respirator with organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne

concentrations are expected to exceed occupational exposure limits. If respirators are needed, compliance with OSHA

standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.

Skin Protection For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated

contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to the ingredients listed in Section 2.

Eye/Face ProtectionSafety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye

 $contact\ with\ this\ material\ could\ occur,\ chemical\ splash\ proof\ goggles\ are\ recommended.$

Other Protective Equipment Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be used.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Properties

Boiling Point >57.0 °C (134.6 °F) Melting / Freezing Point >-98.1 °C (-144.6 °F) Flash Point, Liquid $> -10.0 \,^{\circ}C \, (14.0 \,^{\circ}F)$ Flash Point, Propellant -104.4 °C (-156.0 °F) **Explosive Limits** 0.80% - 16.00% **Autoignition Temperature, Liquid** 204.0 °C (399.2 °F) **Flammability** Flammable Aerosol Relative Density (H2O = 1) 0.747 g/cc Molecular Weight Not Available Weight 6.235 lbs/gal Vapor Pressure Not Available 70.00 psig рΗ Vapor Density 3.500 g/cc Maximum **Evaporation Rate** Not Available Pressurized Product **Partition Coefficient** Not Available Form Viscosity Not Available **Refractive Index** Not Available

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Odor ThresholdNot AvailableHeat of Combustion (△Hc)Not AvailableOdorSlightWater SolubilityNot AvailableAppearance / ColorClear to light amberDecomposition TemperatureNot Available

Air Quality Properties

 Percent Volatile
 94% Wt (94% Vol) Max
 VOC Regulatory
 4.562 lbs/gal (546.639 g/L)

 Percent VOC
 44% Wt (54% Vol) Max
 VOC Actual
 2.738 lbs/gal (328.007 g/L)

Percent HAP None HAP Content None

Solids/Non Volatile Content 7% Wt (7% Vol) Max Maximum Incremental Reactivity 0.566 g O3/g

Global Warming Potential 2.000

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

ReactivityNo specific test data related to reactivity is available for this product or its ingredients.

<u>Chemical Stability</u> This product is stable.

<u>Hazardous Reactions</u> Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

<u>Conditions to Avoid</u>

Keep away from heat, sparks, flame, and red hot metal.

<u>Material Incompatibility</u> Alkalis, Chlorine Dioxide, Nitrates, Potassium Tert-Butoxide, Strong Acids, Strong Oxidizing Agents

<u>Decomposition Productions</u>
Oxides of Carbon, Acetic Acid, Methanol may be formed depending on fire conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity Estimates (mixture)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Oral LD}_{50} & 5690 \text{ mg/kg} \\ \\ \text{Dermal LD}_{50} & 4285 \text{ mg/kg} \\ \\ \text{Inhalation LC}_{50} & 1702 \text{ mg/L 4-hour} \\ \end{array}$

Acute Toxicity on Ingredients

ID	ORAL LD50		DERMAL LD50		INHALATION LC50				
עו	VALUE	SPECIES	VALUE	SPECIES	VALUE	TIME	SPECIES		
1	>5000 mg/kg	rat	>5000 mg/kg	rat	>16000 ppm	4h	rat		
2	_	_	-	_	658 mg/L	4h	rat		
3	>15000 mg/kg	rat	_	_	103 g/m3	4h	rat		
4	>5000 mg/kg	rat	>2000 mg/kg	rabbit	>5560 mg/m3	4h	rat		
5	>5000 mg/kg	rat	>3000 mg/kg	rabbit	>5500 mg/m3	4h	rat		

Health Hazard Classification

Skin Corrosion / Irritation Category 2
Eye Damage / Irritation Category 2

 Respiratory | Irritation
 Classification criteria not met

 Respiratory | Skin
 Classification criteria not met

Sensitization

Germ Cell MutagenicityClassification criteria not metReproductive ToxicityClassification criteria not met

STOT - Single Exposure Category 3

STOT - Repeated Exposure Classification criteria not met

Aspiration Hazard Category 1

Carcinogen Data

ID	Calif Prop-65	OSHA	NIOSH	ACGIH	NTP	IARC	ı
	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Information on the Likely Routes of Exposure

Routes of Exposure Skin contact, skin absorption, eye contact, inhalation



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Information on Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Effects

Symptoms of Exposure Asphyxia, Chemical Pneumonitis, Chest Tightness, Dermatitis, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Optic Nerve Atrophy, Skin Irritation,

Stupor, Throat Irritation

Delayed and Immediate Effects and also Chronic Effects from Short and Long-Term Exposure

Delayed EffectsNo known delayed effects.Immediate EffectsNo known immediate effects.

Chronic Effects Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with irreversible brain and nervous

system damage (sometimes referred to as "Solvent or Painter's Syndrome"). Intentional misuse by concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal. Stoddard Solvent when ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs

may cause pneunatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction.

Medical Conditions

Aggravated

 ${\it May aggravate personnel with pre-existing disorders associated with any of the Target Organs.}$

Target Organs Central Nervous System, Eyes, Kidneys, Respiratory System, Skin

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Aquatic Toxicity

ID		FISH			INVERTEBRATES			AQUATIC PLANTS			MICROORGANISMS		
ID	TYPE	VALUE	PERIOD	TYPE	VALUE	PERIOD	TYPE	VALUE	PERIOD	TYPE	VALUE	PERIOD	
1	LC50	399 mg/L	96h	EC50	1027 mg/L	48h	EC50	>120 mg/L	72h	EC50	6100 mg/L	30m	
3	EC50	220 mg/L	96h	LC50	>10 mg/L	24h	EC50	1.5 mg/L	8h	-	_	_	

Ecological Data

ID		PERSISTENCE AN	D DEGRADABILITY		BIOACCUMULA	TIVE POTENTIAL	MOBILITY		
ID	PERSISTENCE	BOD	COD	ThOD	Pow / Kow	BCF	Кос		
1	-	_	1511.8 mg/g	1510 mg/g	0.18 log Pow	_	0.68 log Koc		
3	-	-	-	-	4.66 log Pow	3.11 log BCF	2.44 log Koc		
4	_	_	_	_	3.9 log Pow	_	_		
5	_			-	3.16 log Kow	_	-		

Other Adverse Effects No additional information available.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<u>Waste Disposal</u> Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the responsibility of the user

to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of in compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or

local regulations.

Waste Disposal of Packaging

An aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR

261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(iv) if it is to be recycled. If containers are

to be disposed of (not recycled) it must be managed under all applicable RCRA and state regulations.

<u>Landfill Precautions</u> Not available

<u>Incineration Precautions</u>

** DO NOT INCINERATE ** CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE **



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SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

<u>Transportation Information</u> <u>Ground Transportation</u> (DOT)

UN Number UN1950

Proper Shipping Name Aerosols, Limited Quantity

Hazard Class(es) 2.1
Packaging Group —
Marine Pollutant Yes

Hazard Label(s)

<u>Air Transportation</u> (IATA)

UN1950 UN19

Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity Aerosols, Lin

2.1

N/A

FLAMMABLE GAS 2

Ocean Transportation (IMDG)

UN1950

Aerosols, Limited Quantity

Yes



SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Federal Regulations

	TSCA	SARA 302						SARA 311/312			CLEAN	AIR ACT	CLEAN
ID	LISTED	EHS TPQ	RCRA	CERCLA	SARA 313	FIRE	REACTIVITY	ACUTE	CHRONIC	PRESSURE	HAP	SOCMI	WATER ACT
1	Yes	_	-	-	-	Yes	_	Yes	-	-	-	_	-
2	Yes	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-		-	-	-
3	Yes	_	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	_	_
4	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
5	Yes	_	_	_	_	_	-	Yes	-	_	_	_	_

State Regulations

	CA	DE	MA	/	ME		MN		NJ		NY		PA	WA	WI	WV
ID	P-65	RQ	RTK CODES	TYPE	RQ	RTK	AIR	WATER	RTK	AIR	LAND	ACUTE	LISTED	PEL TWA	TABLE	TAP
1	_	-	2,4,5,6	_	_	AO	_	_	_	_	_	_	Yes	200 ppm	_	_
3	_	-	2,4,5,6	_	-	ANO	_	_	_	_	_	_	Yes	400 ppm	_	_
4	-	-	1 *E*C*	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-
5	_	_	2.4	_	_	ANO	_	_	_	_	_	_	Yes	100 ppm	Α	_

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

SDS Revision History Revision 1, 12/20/2006, Original

Revision 2, 03/28/2013, Updated to GHS Version 4 Format.

Revision 3, 02/14/2014, General Update.

Revision 4, 05/01/2014, Added Product O6503CT.

Revision 5, 08/29/2014, Update to GHS Version 5 Format.

Revision 6, 06/02/2015, Amended to GHS Version 3 Format.

Revision 7, 08/05/2015, Updated Section 14

Revision 8, 04/18/2016, General update and added part # 07631CT.

Revision 9, 06/08/2016, General update.

<u>SDS Compliance</u>

This SDS complies with the below listed regulations only. For SDS that comply with other countries, please contact our

Regulatory Department at msds@chem-pak.com

OSHA Hazarid Communication Standard (HCS 2012) 29 CFR 1910.1200

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) Revision 3

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